EH2404

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Identification

Name: Urethans Clear Coat Hardener Number: EH2404 Intended Use: Automotive Refinish

Manufacture: Global Solutions Packaging, Inc. Address: 41158 Koppernick Rd. Canton, MI 48187 Phone: 734 216-0652 Emergency: 800 255-3924 (Chemtrec)



	Section 2 - Hazard Identification
<u>Emergency overview</u>	DANGER! FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE ANDSKIN IR- RITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED, ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR SWAL- LOWED. ASPIRATION HAZARD. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.SUSPECT CAN- CER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER. Keep away from flames, such as a pilot light, and any object that sparks, such as an electric motor. Keep away from heat. Do not smoke. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep con- tainer tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.
Potential acute health effects	
Inhalation:	May be harmful if inhaled. Irritating to respiratory system. Can irritate eyes, nose, mouth and throat.
Ingestion:	May be harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.
Skin:	Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Eyes:	Irritating to eyes.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms:

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure:

Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients Identification			
Component	CAS#	Percent (wt)	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	20-25	
1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene	98-56-6	35-40	
Light Aromatic Naphtha	64742-95-6	1-5	
n-butyl Acetate	123-86-4	1-5	
1,6-diisocyanatohexane	822-06-0	<0.1	
5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethyl-cyclohexane	4098-71-9	<0.1	

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Eye Contact:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical
Skin Contact:	attention. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by
Ingestion:	trained personnel. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Note to physician:	No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures
Flammability of the product:	Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
	Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
<u>Extinguishing media</u> Suitable: Not suitable:	Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam. Do not use water jet.
Suitable:	Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.
Suitable: Not suitable:	Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam. Do not use water jet. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

	Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures
Personal precautions:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Large Spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Small Spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

	Section 7 - Handling and Storage
Handling:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Storage:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not store above the following temperature: 120F / 49C.

Section 8 - Ex	posure Controls/I	Personel Prote	ection	
Ingredient	OSHA TWA	OSHA STEL	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL
Methyl Acetate	200 ppm No	ot Established 25	0 ppm Not Establ	ished1-chloro-4-
(trifluoromethyl)benzene	Not Established	d Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Light Aromatic Naphtha	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	150 ppm
n-butyl Acetate	150 ppm	Not Established	150 ppm	200 ppm
1,6-diisocyanatohexane	0.005 ppm	Not Established	0.005 ppm Not	Established 5-
isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)				
-1,3,3-trimethyl-cyclohexane	0.005 ppm	0.02 ppm	0.005 ppm	0.02 ppm

Key to abbreviations

A = Acceptable Maximum Peak

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. C = Ceiling Limit F = Fume IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

R = Respirable

Z = OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

S = Potential skin absorption

SR = Respiratory sensitization SS = Skin sensitization STEL = Short term Exposure limit values TD = Total dust TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personel Protection				
Recommended monitoring: procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effective- ness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use res- piratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.			
Engineering measures:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust venti- lation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contami- nants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Hygiene measures:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, be- fore eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated cloth- ing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Personal protection				
Eyes: Hands:	Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, con- sisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accu- rately estimated.			
Respiratory:	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed res- pirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected res- pirator.			
Skin:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static dis- charges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.			
Environmental exposure: controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to en- sure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			

	Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties		
Physical state: Flash point: Explosion limits: Odor: Color:	Liquid 76° F 1.7 LEL 7.6 UEL Organic Solvent Clear	Vapor Density: Volatility: Evaporation rate: % Solid. (w/w): Regulatory Coatings VOC	Heavier than air 25.3% less than n-butyl acetate 74.7% 0.55 lb/gal
Boiling/condensation point:	: 248° F	lb/gal:	66.7 gm/l
Specific gravity: Density (lbs / gal):	1.13 9.41	Regulatory Coatings VOC g/l: Actual Coating VOC lb/gal: Actual Coating VOC g/l:	1.4 lb/gal 168.0 gm/l

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity				
Stability:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).			
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.			
Materials to avoid:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:,oxidizing materials,strong acids, strong alkalis.			
Hazardous decomposition: products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			
Hazardous polymerization:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.			

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

This material has not been tested for toxicological effects.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

This material has not been tested for Ecoogidacl effects.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations			
Waste disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dis- posal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recy- clable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incinera- tion or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This ma- terial and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the con- tainer. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.		

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to **Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE** and **Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION** for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

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Section 14 - Transport Information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Additional information
UN	1263	Paint	3		
IMDG	1263	Paint	3	111	
DOT	1263	Paint	3	111	Reportable quantity 331.87 lbs / 150.67 kg [41. 834 gal / 158.36 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

PG* : Packing group

Section 15 - Regulatroy Information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory (DSL) ; All components are listed or exempted.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

<u>Mexico</u>

Flammability: 3 Health: 2 Reactivity: 0

U.S. Federal regulations :

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

SARA 313

Supplier notification Chemical name

CAS number

Concentration

None

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 * Flammability: 3 Physical hazards: 0 (*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning this product, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the product. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.